

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY

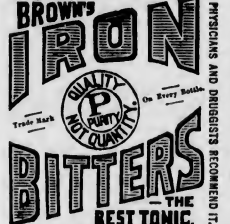


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Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc. Flavor Cakes, Creams, Pastry, etc. It is entirely and naturally the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

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Best Dry Baking Powder
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE OUR OWN QUALITY.

DYSPEPSIA



It is dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it leads by insidious nutrition, and degeneration of the system to prostration and death. For Rapid Relief.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS
FOR PALE PEOPLE
THE BEST TONIC.

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Just received. A full line of Mohairs, Meltons, new Diagonals, Corkscrews, etc. The stock in our

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Department is the choicest we have ever had. Prices the lowest and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a call.

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SIMON'S Medicated Well-Water.
A Specific for DYSPEPSIA and

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS.

Has been used with most gratifying success in many obstinate cases. Prof. F. W. Clark, professor of chemistry at the University of Cincinnati says that the water "brought the same class with the water of the Springs of Virginia; the medicinal virtues of which are too well known to be stated here. Those who desire to try this famous water are referred to Captain C. W. Boyd, Leveaux, Ohio; Captain C. W. Halloway, Cincinnati; and J. J. Hays, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale in half barrels and up by

A. D. MITCHELL.

CONFECTORER,

and dealer in home-made candies, fruits, etc. Soda Water the best in town. Ice cream and all kinds. Second street, Mayville, Ky.

SMITH'S KIDNEY TONIC--TRY IT.

MUSCOVITES MARCHING

MOSCOW'S MILITIA MAKES A MOVEMENT TOWARD HERAT.

Russia Resorts to Rigid Rule and Hepatic Herd in the Fields of Conflict--Tribulations of the Tatars--Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, May 1.—A dispatch to the Brussels Independence Belge from St. Petersburg says a council held at the Palace, at which the czar presided, rejected proposals made by M. de Giers to adopt conciliatory measures toward England. The reply of the Russian government to Earl Granville firmly maintains the tenor of the former despatch.

The Russians have occupied Muruchak, twenty miles south of Penjikent, on the Murghab river. The answer, while cordial about Penjikent, attached great importance to Muruchak.

A despatch from Tirpitz, dated April 16, says that the Russians occupy Ak-Tepsa, and are actively at work making a military road from Penjikent to Herat.

A despatch from St. Petersburg to Reuters' telegraph company says: "No news has been received here of the newly reported engagement on the Afghan frontier."

Mr. Gladstone stated in the house of commons that the government had received confirmation of the battle reported to have recently occurred between the Russians and Afghans, with victory for the latter.

Ellis Asmild Bartlett, conservative member of the House of Commons, has withdrawn from the undertaking to not occupy Herat. Mr. Gladstone answered "No."

Mr. Gladstone also stated that Russia has made no representation to the government against the British occupation of Fort Hamit.

A meeting of the conservative leaders was held, at which it was decided to endeavor to obtain a definite statement of the government's policy in Central Asia.

Money and Provisions.

MONTREAL, Que., May 1.—C. F. Smith, president of the Bank of Montreal, has credibly stated, to have received a cable gram from the London agency of the bank stating that war has been declared by England against Russia. Financial circles and stock brokers here, although expecting this news for some days past, were greatly agitated, and much public resort was through with persons eagerly discussing the probable effects of the war. It is reported that orders for large amounts of wheat and provisions have been received here from London on the part of the English government, to be shipped at the earliest possible moment.

The principal banks here were called by their London agents to the effect that a declaration of war had been proclaimed within a few hours. The banks here and in Toronto have been telegraphed by their European correspondents to prepare a war policy. A report is current that the Russian alliance has been already opposed by the Afghans, and that there is no alternative but an immediate withdrawal, which is, however, denied. John N. Young, the principal grain speculator here, received orders to buy at once large quantities of wheat for shipment, while navigating around the Cape of Good Hope, and that when a large fleet of steamers will sail for supplies for England. All orders place orders from English agents, and there are no signs of Russian transactions.

Russian Engineers.

MOSCOW, May 1.—Nine thousand troops and six batteries of artillery belonging to the Right army corps left here for the south. There was the greatest enthusiasm. At fifty thousand people thronged the street while cheering as the soldiers marched to the railway station. The men looked in splendid fighting trim, with their long black mustaches, and their caps as heavy boots.

Ten companies of engineers with two hundred cars loaded of railway telegraph plant left for Ashkabad, where the greatest activity prevails. Telegraph lines that only a few weeks ago were at Ashkabad now extend to Sarakhs, which is two hundred miles beyond, and only one hundred and ninety miles from Herat.

Your correspondent is assured by a prominent officer of Russian engineers that the Russian army has been already collected at Ashkabad to build a railway to Herat, via Sarakhs and Penjikent—distance 49 miles—in an incredibly short space of time. Extraordinary preparations by Russian engineers are being made to follow up the advance of the troops by the immediate construction of railroads.

Konarov's Reply.

LONDON, May 1.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the Russian minister received Konarov's reply to instructions or the actions of the Russian provinces to the Russian government. The English minister in the report of Sir Peter Landon to his government. In his reply Gen. Konarov admits that he had received strict orders from his government to refrain from making any forward movement pending the settlement of the Russo-Afghan frontier dispute. He asserts that he had endeavored to carry out these orders in good faith, but the officers under him had not been apprised of his government's wishes, and therefore did not exercise the same precaution. He says, however, he had been instructed to avoid, if possible, a conflict with the Afghans, and that since the Russian minister had been notified of the fight on the Kushk river of the 30th of March occurred, Gen. Konarov thought it best to explain how the conflict was brought about. He says previous to the fight on the Kushk, the Afghans, advanced toward Penjikent, with no intention of attacking it, and withdrew on the approach of the Afghans.

A Council of War.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.—The czar presided at the grand council of war. The council lasted from 10 o'clock to the afternoon till 11 o'clock. The council decided that the Russian army should advance to Herat and occupy it. After the occupation a Rus-

sian administration is to be immediately established in the city.

The war steamer "Garita" is watching English war vessels in the Pacific ocean. It is reported that seven English war ships are cruising in the Indian Ocean. Other Russian cruisers have put out watch there. It is thought here that the first conflict between the two powers will be in the Pacific.

A Russian Ex-Minister.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.—An ex-minister said to correspondents "Russia is now fully prepared for war. Even if Turkey opens the Black sea to England Russia will not judge an inch, will not yield a single point, nor deliver or even explain the action of General Konarov, which throughout Russia meets with justly enthusiastic approval, that there be no war for its simple reason that it takes two to fight. England will not fight Russia even if we are forced. England is a first body, which Russia can walk upon whenever it suits her convenience."

Getting Down to Business.

LONDON, May 1.—The government has also issued to explain the actions of Russian troops on Muruchak. Gladstone will probably make a statement in the house of commons in regard to the matter. The government is in constant communication with Persia regarding her present relations with Russia. A despatch received from St. Petersburg says: "The Russian minister discussed the telegraphed summary of the English proposals. A grant council has been summoned to consider the full written despatch and what reply shall be sent by Russia."

England Covering.

LONDON, May 1.—A special cabinet council has been called. A general feeling of uneasiness as to what the outcome of the existing difficulties is going to be prevails everywhere. The people who claim to have obtained information from the most reliable sources hold a secret opinion that the Russian side of twenty-four hours. Others insist with equal assurance that neither side is so near to the goal as to be able to avert it. The action of the cabinet meeting is awaited with feverish interest.

M. Ferry on the War.

PARIS, May 1.—M. Jules Ferry, is here with his wife, but refuses to be interviewed on political matters. He has been between England and Russia. He thinks that "England, not having hitherto rebuked Russian aggression in Asia, it logically follows that Russia could not now be expected to do so at the insignificant garden plot, Afghanistan."

Transfer of the Ark.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 1.—The transfer of Arctic steamer Alert from the American to the British government was formally made at the dockyard. The American steamer and light infantry formed a guard of honor, while the American flag on the ship was replaced by the British ensign, and while a salute was fired.

Report Untrue.

LONDON, May 1.—In the house of lords, Earl Granville, secretary for foreign affairs, stated that the government had received a despatch from the Russian minister stating the reported occupation of Muruchak by the Russians was untrue.

Disabled at Sea.

QUEBEC, May 1.—The steamship of the company of the Atlantic line, which sailed from New York on the 28th of April, and was disabled at sea, has returned in a disabled condition.

Konarov's Movements.

LONDON, May 1.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg say that Gen. Konarov and Lieut. Alibekoff arrived in Sarakhs on the 30th instant.

The Emperor's Trio.

VIENNA, May 1.—Festher Lloyd, the official organ, states that the emperor contemplates a meeting on the 14th of August.

War Notes and News.

LONDON, May 1.—Coal is being shipped to Cape Town from Africa for the use of British armed cruisers and men-of-war in the event of the Suez canal being blocked on an outbreak of war between England and Russia.

Two firms at Cowes are working night and day on forty torpedo boats ordered by the Russian government.

The English admiralty has notified the officers and men at all the coast guard stations that they are to be ready to join their ships at a moment's notice.

A Russian charter for coal to Cronstadt, the freight to be 7s. 6d. per ton, was made at Newcastle, upon condition that if war is declared the owner of the boat becomes the purchaser of the cargo.

A special dispatch from Berlin to the Paris Journal des Debates states that Germany is not disposed to become the mediator between Russia and England. The dispatch also states that Russia is not disposed to accept a means of settlement of her present difficulties with England.

The Berlin National Zeitung says Germany remains neutral in the present crisis in the relations of England and Russia, adding that no request has been received for mediation. The National Zeitung also states that the czar wrote the emperor of Germany that the chances for peace had diminished.

The Russian department of the Indian affairs has completed arrangements for furnishing transportation and provisions in India for two army corps. The first corps consists of 15,000 British and 16,000 Indian troops, with 30,000 camp-followers (transport animal tenders), 8,000 horses and 30,000 transport animals. The second corps consists of 12,000 British and 15,000 Indian troops, with 28,000 camp-followers, 8,000 horses and 28,000 transport animals. One hundred and eighty camels are to be sent to Killa and Ashkabad, and three months' supplies to Quetta.

NATIONAL NEWS NOTES.

WASHINGTON'S WIRE, AND WAIFS WAFTED FROM EVERYWHERE.

Mr. Cleveland Careworn—Postal Paraphernalia—Confidential—Mr. Bayard Not Happy—Foreign Minister—List of American News.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Before the cabinet met the president had a number of callers, among them Mr. John C. Matthews, of East Saginaw, Mich., who from 1874 to 1879 was a clerk in the law office of Messrs. Hess, Cleveland & Russell. He was cordially greeted by his former chief and spent a pleasant half hour in the library, New Yorkers who saw the president were Messrs. W. D. Hoyt, of Middleport; Thomas W. Hotchkiss, of Elmira; J. W. Shaw, New York city; Charles A. Stark and Charles P. Gannon, Buffalo. After the cabinet meeting the president saw Delegate Charles S. Voorhees, of Idaho, a son of the Indiana senator, on matters pertaining to claims in the territory which he represents.

The president has recently evinced a desire to quit working so hard and take a little more social pleasure. Hardly a day passes that he does not invite some one to dinner, and he has adopted the plan of having some member of the cabinet to take a ride with him in the afternoon. Postmaster General Vilas was his guest, and after dinner spent the evening with the president. Warned by Col. Lamont's illness, the president has decided not to overwork himself, and it is expected when he moves to the soldiers' home that he will devote more time to recreation. His friends do not like the idea of his putting in so much time on official business, for it is his habit to devote himself to papers that his health will not permit. The hour the day is usually extinguished in the library. Since his arrival here the president has not given much attention to his own comfort or affairs, but has devoted all his energies to keeping up with public business. He will devote to this climate for a stranger to do the work that the president did at Albany—at least until he is fully acclimated, and this fact is apparent to the president. He is not the recluse naturally, that some of the papers try to make out.

Postoffice Taxes.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The new postal card paper, under the contract of 1885, will be in the hands of the post office in the color of the cards now issued. The texture of the paper is also said to be improved. The size will be the same as now in use.

Mr. Horst, third assistant postmaster general, has given the postmaster general a detailed statement of the result of the reduction of postage rates on the railroads of the country on domestic letters, which went into effect on October 1, 1883. The loss was estimated the first year at \$8,000,000. The statistics show that the loss was less than that sum. Gen. Hazen says in conclusion:

"It will only add that the results of two cent postage have more than realized the most sanguine expectations of its warlike advocates. By the act of March, 1883, the unit of weight was reduced from one ounce to half an ounce to take effect on the 1st of July next, and we shall then have this country the lowest rate of postage of Great Britain, the unit of weight being one ounce in that country and the English postage being the equivalent of two cents of our currency. A substantial advantage in favor of our people is, however, to be found in the much greater expense of territory over which letters are sent. In the case of the same charge as in Great Britain, the increase of the unit of weight, beside being a convenience to the public, will, I am satisfied, prove a profitable source of revenue. Unless statistics are at fault, it will not be likely to materially increase the revenue of the post office, and it will undoubtedly induce the sending under mail at letter rates of a large class of valuable matter now sent in wrapped parcels at the rates charged on fourth class matter."

Alleged Conflict of Authority.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—For a number of days rumors have been rife in the department that an army order was forthcoming which would create considerable surprise. It is understood that the order is to be issued by the president, and is to define the limit of the authority of the lieutenant general of the army. It was an open secret for months prior to Secretary Lincoln's retirement that a controversy existed between him and Lieut. Gen. Sheridan relative to the authority of the latter. It is asserted that Gen. Sheridan has come in conflict with the lieutenant general of the army in regard to the same question.

On the 10th inst. a general order was issued for certain regiments to exchange stations by June 1. The order was "by command of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan." It did not contain the name of the secretary of war, nor the name of the lieutenant general of the army. Similar orders, as shown by the records, when issued by Gen. Sherman contained the name of Secretary Lincoln. In the general order referred to the Second regiment of artillery, stationed in Washington, was ordered to exchange with the Third regiment of artillery, stationed at the Gulf States. Certain surgeons of the army have expressed themselves as bitterly opposed to this change at this season of the year. They say it will endanger the health of the unacclimated regiment and that the transfer would be especially dangerous because of a threatened epidemic in the south. They say further that the regiment now stationed in the south is acclimated to the climate, and that the transfer would be dangerous. Other officials say that this is the first order of the kind issued in the spring of a year. Secretary Endicott is now in Boston. The expected order will probably not be given until his return.

Secretary Bayard Not Happy.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Secretary Bayard was never more harassed than he is at this

present time. He is pursued even more by his friends than by his enemies. There is no doubt he regrets having given up the peaceful security of the senate. What is most troubling him now is the way his footsteps are followed by old friends and enemies. The life of him for the few appointments that he has left at his disposal. The storm of criticism which has been concentrated on his head for the giving of offices to his friends has forced him to cry a halt in this direction. The general criticism of Mr. Bayard is approved by his cabinet associates. They all think that he has gone too far, that he has taken matters too much in his own hands, and has not been willing to even commit with his associates. It would not be at all surprising if Mr. Bayard should resign during the year.

Foster's Spanish Mission.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—It is understood from good authority that Minister Foster's mission to Spain is merely for the purpose of completing certain business of the United States. As soon as concludes his labors he will return to this country and his successor, it is stated, will be ex-Gov. Hannibal Hamlin. The latter has returned from Central America, whither he went as one of the commissioners from the United States for the purpose of collecting statistics, and is engaged in preparing a report giving the result of his investigations. Minister Foster's family still retain their residence here, and are prominent society leaders, but the minister has gone to Spain.

General Grant.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Gen. Grant slept nearly nine hours and only nine minutes of morphine were given him. Dr. Douglass was asked if the cancer at the base of the tongue was not improved with the general treatment of the disease with the cancerous lump was an open sore. He said he could not affirm that there was an improvement of the cancer. It was difficult to tell about that. The cancerous lump was not an open sore. The darting pains that have a seat in the cancerous lump on the tongue are continuing, but are not so frequent nor so severe as they have been.

Hayden Navy.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—Through A. H. Lenoxx, the Hayden county at this port, the government of that country enlisted a number of officers and men for service. The majority of them were formerly connected with the Hayden service and went out to Hayden on board the Ethel to assist in putting down the late rebellion. This action on the part of the government is not accused by any trouble on the island, but with a view of improving their service by adding more competent men.

Kelley Bound for Italy.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 1.—Mr. A. M. Kelley, recently appointed minister to Italy, is in this city, and is stopping with his brother, Lieut. R. F. Kelley, of the St. Peter's Protestant church, Camden. In reference to the report in the papers that he had declined the appointment, he said: "I have accepted the appointment. As I intend to leave this city for New York, where I will board a steamer for Italy."

A Socialist Score.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Thousands of large posters in the shape of a red flag with the word "bread" written on it, were placed in the hands of the police, and the buildings in all parts of the city, under the direction of the socialist organization.

The Russian Corvette.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The Russian corvette "Strizha" has arrived in the harbor after a quick passage from Hampton roads. She departed from Norfolk so hurriedly that three of her crew were left.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The president has appointed William H. Harrison, of Virginia, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Austria-Hungary.

Tour of Inspection.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Sheridan, accompanied by Col. Gregory, have left Washington on a tour of inspection of Forts Rialto and Washburn, and also Whipple barracks.

Washington's Gossip.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Miss Cleveland took the limited express for New York accompanied by Miss Annie Van Velsch, who goes at once to Albany. Miss Cleveland will visit quietly in New York city a friend of many years standing.

By the urgent wish of the president Col. Lamont and his family became domiciled in the white house for the ten days or more of Miss Cleveland's contemplated absence. He is so far conversant that he came down the Arlington stairs unaided to the carriage. Two chambers on the north front of the mansion were selected by Mrs. Lamont for their use, the president placing any of the unoccupied rooms at their disposal. Only Mrs. Bayard, Mrs. Endicott and Mrs. Hubbard, mother of the attorney general, were here to receive as cabinet hostesses. Mrs. Endicott's reception, at which she was assisted by her daughter, was the most brilliant of the Arlington, for she moves into Minister Peulleton's house on Saturday.

A German in Hard Luck Needs a Bullet.

Through His Hands.
CINCINNATI, May 1.—Fred Roth, a German, fifty years of age, came to this city by firing a shot through his head. He had formerly held a high position in Germany, having for a number of years been the burgomaster of the city of Rielshausen in Rielshausen, Prussia. At his marriage he emigrated with his wife to America, arriving in New York in the month of September. There he failed to procure employment, and in October came to Cincinnati.

His efforts on behalf of his family after his arrival here met with little success, and for the first few months he worked for his board, as did his wife, who is a lady of education and refinement.

St. Paul Cuts Again.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The St. Paul road cut the rates to Clinton, Cedar Rapids and Davenport, Ia., and Fulton, Rock Island and Moline, Mo., to 10 cents. The rate to the latter points was 15 cents. The Northwestern and Burlington did not meet those rates.

PLANTERS from Arkansas Valley report the destruction of the cotton crop by the overflow of the river bottoms.

It is estimated that the statement of the public debt for the month of April will show a reduction of about \$4,000,000.

A WASHINGTON special says E. H. Porter, editor of the Times, Bowling Green, will succeed Postmaster Hobson.

The fact should not escape the public mind that the Illinois Legislature is still struggling with the problem of electing a Senator.

ANYWAY the officeholders are having to work under the new order of things even if they don't find out how to resign their names to resignations.

HON. C. M. CLARK, Jr., of Bourbon, having no opposition, has been declared the nominee for State Senator by the district committee for Clark, Bourbon and Montgomery.

REV. DR. TALMAGE gives it as his professional opinion that it was prayer that brought about the wonderful change in General Grant's case. This is another slip at the doctors.

Twenty years ago no law for the prevention of cruelty to animals existed in this country. To-day the statute books of thirty-eight States and Territories show that if people do not treat their dumb friends and servants with kindness the law stands ready to defend those who cannot speak for themselves.

It is said that a young Democrat having expressed in the presence of the President a fear that the Democratic control of the government would be short lived, Mr. Cleveland replied: "Young man you will not live to see the end of the Democratic rule in this country." It is to be hoped that the President is correct in this view, and there is no reason why, with judicious management, he should not be. A hundred years at least should be the extent of the Democratic lease.

It is stated on very good authority that the President has determined to follow an altogether different policy with relation to the appointments in Virginia from that in other States. It is said that all the Mahone appointments will be dismissed upon the ground that the appointments made under Mahone rule were piratical, and the President will trust to public sentiment to sustain his action. Protests are being made from all parts of the State against the continuance of the Mahone control, and it is expected that about five hundred appointments in the State will be made next week.

The South appears to be not only inaugurating a rivalry with the North as a manufacturing region, and developing surprising resources in the line of special minerals, but even putting forth substantial claims to recognition as a repository of precious stones. The last number of the Manufacturers' Record, gives the following samples, under the caption of "Notes from Dixie," of how rare gems may be picked up by mere chance and without the trouble of "prospecting." "In Macon, Ga., the other day, a gentleman picked up a shining pebble from among the gravel on one of the public streets. It proved to be a rough diamond and will be worth at least \$1,000 when cut. In Raleigh, N. C., last week, a colored boy picked up a rough, uncut diamond in the suburbs of the city. It has been sent North to be cut, and will be worth from \$3,000 to \$5,000. The mineral wealth of the Piedmont region is certainly worth looking into if diamonds are to be found lying around loose." There certainly seems to be reason to believe that this opinion is correct—that if the stories of the diamonds "lying around loose" are authentic.

An Aesthetic Name For Roller Skating.
[New York Evening News.]

"Can you tell me where the skating rink is?" asked a lady on a Springfield avenue car of the conductor.

"The chariot will inform you," was the reply.

The passenger sought the helm by the brake and repeated the inquiry.

"What until the position attaches the third horse and then I will have time to answer," said the driver, and he laid light on the car, referring to the boy with the superannated nag who is posted opposite the court house.

"The colosseum where they rotate on casters is just at the brow of the activity," he said a moment after. "I am going to stop there myself to revolve an hour or two."

"To what?" asked the passenger eyeing the victim of rikomania curiously.

"To revolve. That's the aesthetic slang for skating," said the driver as he threw the lines to his relief and made a break for the rink.

A little boy in Saratoga not long ago came rushing in from outdoor crying because he had been stung by a bee.

"Mamma," he said, "I feel just as leaves the beed' walk on me, but I don't like to have 'em sit down on me." [New Orleans Picayune.]

RIEL'S RAMPANT REBELS
And Middletons Men are Taking a Rest for Future Fighting.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 1.—Mons. goes received from Clark's Crossing give no explanation of the cutting of the wire except that the wire was severed south of Hum boldt. Message from Middleton are to the effect that he sent an exploring party down to look for the steamer Northcote. The vessel was found eighty-five miles south of Clark's Crossing, stuck fast on a sand bar, and the crew perfectly helpless. Middleton says he can not move until the supplies from the steamer come up. A large quantity of ammunition and food is on board the steamer, together with Gatling guns, and Middleton must have ammunition, as the present supply is nearly exhausted. He has decided to send teams down for supplies and ammunition, and let the troops walk up, as the water in the river is so low that there is little hope of getting the vessel off, and proceeding until the river rises in the regular way by the melting of the snow in the mountains. Supplies do not get in along the trail before the supplies from the steamer are forwarded and Middleton waits until they come, the day is likely to be of considerable length and tedious. The steamer Minnow with two barges has left Swift Current for Clark's Crossing with more supplies and troops. As the barges are flat-bottomed, and as the water is small, it is expected that they will be able to navigate the river to Clark's Crossing easily, and may take the balance of the Northcote's cargo on to destination.

Another dispatch from Middleton states that he sent scouts to scour the country for miles around the present camping ground. They report being unable to sight any rebels or find any trace of them. Middleton believes they are acquainted with his movements and are adopting deceptive tactics to gain a view of surprising him suddenly when he begins to advance. Consequently upon the non-arrival at Clark's Crossing of the Northcote, the wounded will have remained at present camp for some time. It was the intention to move them down to Clark's Crossing on the steamer.

WIRE WRANGLE.

The Western Union and Chicago Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, May 1.—At the opening of the market of trade in the Western Union telegraph company were notified by the market committee of the board that the furnishing of market quotations would be discontinued. The announcement was a surprise to the telegraph company, as no previous intimation of the intention had been given. The action is a sequel to the long-standing trouble between the board of trade and the telegraph company. Injunctions that were issued at the instance of the latter against the board of trade and telegraph company have been in force for some time by which the telegraph company was compelled to give quotations both the board and the telegraph company. It is understood that the regular board claims those injunctions applied only to the instance of the latter against the board of trade and telegraph company. It is understood that the regular board claims those injunctions applied only to the instance of the latter against the board of trade and telegraph company. It is understood that the regular board claims those injunctions applied only to the instance of the latter against the board of trade and telegraph company.

The boiler in Samuel Beauchamp's saw-mill, three miles north of Oakland City, Gibson county, Ind., exploded, killing English John Caudron. Jesse Watt had his skull crushed and leg broken, and is in a critical condition, and Jap Collins had his foot broken and suffered other injuries.

In the preliminary trial of Dr. J. L. Couch, of Atlanta, Ga., for an indecent assault on the person of Miss Lucy Reed, the credibility of the lady was attacked, and there resulted in the discharge of Dr. Couch by the committing magistrate. Two Irish boys threatened to bring the matter up before the grand jury.

Wm. Burkrow was taken to Memphis from Louisville by Deputy United States Marshal Adams and lodged in the county jail. He is held under an indictment charging him with passing or having in his possession counterfeit money. Burkrow resides at Louisville, and his family are very respectable. The evidence against him is said to be conclusive.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Latest Quotations of the Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets.
NEW YORK, April 30.—Money closed easy at 1 1/2 per cent. Exchange closed Government Bonds at 107 1/2. American Bonds at 107 1/2. Foreign Bonds at 107 1/2. Stocks at 107 1/2. Cattle at 107 1/2. Hogs at 107 1/2. Sheep at 107 1/2. Poultry at 107 1/2. Butter at 107 1/2. Cheese at 107 1/2. Eggs at 107 1/2. Flour at 107 1/2. Wheat at 107 1/2. Corn at 107 1/2. Oats at 107 1/2. Hay at 107 1/2. Straw at 107 1/2. Coal at 107 1/2. Oil at 107 1/2. Sugar at 107 1/2. Coffee at 107 1/2. Tea at 107 1/2. Spices at 107 1/2. Fruits at 107 1/2. Vegetables at 107 1/2. Flowers at 107 1/2. Miscellaneous at 107 1/2.

General.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—FLOUR—Family, \$4.00; 2nd, \$3.75; 3rd, \$3.50; 4th, \$3.25; 5th, \$3.00; 6th, \$2.75; 7th, \$2.50; 8th, \$2.25; 9th, \$2.00; 10th, \$1.75; 11th, \$1.50; 12th, \$1.25; 13th, \$1.00; 14th, \$0.75; 15th, \$0.50; 16th, \$0.25; 17th, \$0.00. WHEAT—No. 1 white, \$1.00; No. 2 white, \$0.95; No. 3 white, \$0.90; No. 4 white, \$0.85; No. 5 white, \$0.80; No. 6 white, \$0.75; No. 7 white, \$0.70; No. 8 white, \$0.65; No. 9 white, \$0.60; No. 10 white, \$0.55; No. 11 white, \$0.50; No. 12 white, \$0.45; No. 13 white, \$0.40; No. 14 white, \$0.35; No. 15 white, \$0.30; No. 16 white, \$0.25; No. 17 white, \$0.20; No. 18 white, \$0.15; No. 19 white, \$0.10; No. 20 white, \$0.05. CORN—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. RICE—No. 1 white, \$1.00; No. 2 white, \$0.95; No. 3 white, \$0.90; No. 4 white, \$0.85; No. 5 white, \$0.80; No. 6 white, \$0.75; No. 7 white, \$0.70; No. 8 white, \$0.65; No. 9 white, \$0.60; No. 10 white, \$0.55; No. 11 white, \$0.50; No. 12 white, \$0.45; No. 13 white, \$0.40; No. 14 white, \$0.35; No. 15 white, \$0.30; No. 16 white, \$0.25; No. 17 white, \$0.20; No. 18 white, \$0.15; No. 19 white, \$0.10; No. 20 white, \$0.05. SUGAR—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. COFFEE—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. TEA—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. SPICES—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. FRUITS—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. VEGETABLES—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. FLOWERS—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05. MISCELLANEOUS—No. 1 white, \$0.50; No. 2 white, \$0.45; No. 3 white, \$0.40; No. 4 white, \$0.35; No. 5 white, \$0.30; No. 6 white, \$0.25; No. 7 white, \$0.20; No. 8 white, \$0.15; No. 9 white, \$0.10; No. 10 white, \$0.05.

TUTT'S
PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Bile, constipation, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pale under the shoulders, Yellowish after eating, with a disinclination to exercise of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of being oppressed some days, Weariness, Disinclination to the heart, Drowsiness after the eyes, Headache, a stuffy nose, Bile-colored urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to sustain the sufferer. They increase the appetite and cause the body to take on flesh, but the system is not overworked, and by their use the blood is purified, the liver cleansed, the bowels regulated, the system invigorated, the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SANSAPARILLA
Purifies the blood, cleanses the system, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and invigorates the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. Sold by druggists.

OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

S. H. BARRETT & CO.'S

407 MONSTER ST.

RAILROAD CIRCUS

And Menagerie Will Positively Give Two Performances (with no Disappointment) at Mayville.

MONDAY, MAY 4.

JAMES ROBINSON, the world's Champion Bare-knuckle Rider, rides each performance. Among many prizes are to be found Mr. ROBERT STUCKEY and Mr. JAMES PATON, the champion prizefighter. Also LAKE and Miss VIOLET HUBBS, two of the most accomplished lady riders in the world. In the Menagerie you will see the only pair of

COAL BLACK TIGERS

ever on exhibition, and the only Two-horned Sumatran RHINOCEROS in America. The

leaves the lot at 10 o'clock a. m. For particulars read our small bills. 25-27-29-31st St.

AT THE

PAINT

STORE

—Is a fine stock of—

WALL PAPER,

CEILING DECORATIONS, and everything in the Paint Line.

ALABASTER is the best Coating for walls and ceilings; it will not rub off, and is cheaper and better than Kalsomine or White wash. Anyone can put it on.

ALBERT GREENWOOD, No. 2 Zweigart's Block.

W. E. GREEN & CO.,

—New Stock of—

FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING ROOM and CHAMBER SETS in great variety.

We make a point of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, Bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods.

Store, corner of Third and Market streets, Glasgow's old stand.

HARDING & CLARK,

—Fashionable—

DRESSMAKERS,

Second Street, next door to Kiehl's book store; entrance through C. H. White's real-estate, dresses cut and to order. Prices reasonable and work promptly done.

GIANNI & CO.,

—Dealers in—

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

In Spectacles we can suit you. Anything in our line made or repaired. Repairing in our Market Street.

WALTER B. PRINSTER,

—General Real Estate—

INSURANCE AND COLLECTING AGENCY

Returns made promptly. Abstract of titles furnished. Office Second Street, over J. W. Sparks' drug, up stairs.

FOR SALE, PRIVATELY.

HOUSE AND LOT!

fronting sixty-six feet on Fourth street and running back that width to Grant street. Apply to

C. H. PRINSTER, 412 W. 4th St.

MARTIN A. O'HARE,

FREE!

RELIABLE SELF CURE

A favorite prescription of one of the most

and successful ecologists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of Nervous Debility, Neuritis, Headache, and all diseases and ailments that result from a weak and diseased blood.

Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisville, Mo.

WE OFFER
CHAMBER SUITS!

The Newest and Best Styles, forty different styles Bureaus, seventy-five different styles Bedsteads, a large stock of Sideboards, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Cheffonières, Hair-tables, Hall and Lawn Suits, Dining and Library Tables, Marble and Wood-top Stands; ten different styles of

Folding Bed Lounges,

Spring Bottom Beds, Spring, Cotton, Cotton-top and Excelsior Mattresses; twenty Parlor Suits of the best styles and designs; also a large stock of Upholstered Platform Rockers, a full line of Rattan, Carpet Seat and Back, Reed Cane, Outside Cane, Perforated, Folding, Camp, Dining, Library and

CLOTHING STORE.

The acts will consist of selling elegant Suits of Clothing CHEAPER than anyone ever heard of, and the crowning act will be an elegant

Office Chairs!

We do not advertise an empty house but a LARGE FOUR-STORY BUILDING FULL of the best goods, comprising the greatest variety of Styles and calculated to attract the attention of the most exacting trade.

Call and see our stock. We take pleasure in showing it and giving prices.

HENRY ORT

East Second Street, Mayville.

BIC

BARGAINS

—THIS WEEK IN—

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

Window Shades and Lace Curtains

Cotton Chain Ingrains at.....150

Cotton Chain Ingrains at.....200

Cotton Chain Ingrains at.....250

All-wood Ingrains at.....800

Extra Supers at.....000

Extra Supers at.....650

Allen's

GENUINE ORIGINAL NERVE & BONE LINIMENT.

Price, 50c per bottle. Introduced in 1885 by

Geo. H. Martin, Allen, a painless, safe, and

effective remedy for all kinds of rheumatism, neuralgia, and

all other forms of nerve and bone pain. It is the best

stock recommended in the U. S. for the relief of

Chorea or St. Vitus's dance, Cerebral Palsy, and

all other forms of nerve and bone pain. It is the best

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ANOTHER
CIRCUS!

On the same day that Barrett's Circus shows in Mayville there will also be a performance at Hechinger & Co.'s Oddfellows Hall

CLOTHING STORE.

The acts will consist of selling elegant Suits of Clothing CHEAPER than anyone ever heard of, and the crowning act will be an elegant

Office Chairs!

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G. W. GEISEL,
No. 9, W. Second St., Opp. Opera House.
Fruits and Vegetables in season; Your patron
age respectfully solicited. Hedley

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

MOST DARING EXPRESS ROBBERY A.K.
DOUBLE MURDER.

The Finnish Follower of Jesse James
Makes Good His Escape—Gen. Alsup
Will Make an Unconditional Sur-
render—In the Northwest.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., May 1.—A ghastly sight met the gaze of the station men when the Chicago express on the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago road arrived here a little after midnight. Neither express messenger nor baggage master appearing at the door of the cars, the doors were forced in. On the floor lay George Davis, the express messenger, in a pool of blood, with a bullet hole in his head. The express safe was open and empty. Kneeling over it, with blood and brains oozing from two bullet holes in his head, was Peter Weber, the baggage master. His head rested partly on the safe.

The last station at which the men were seen was Smithville, about fifteen miles south of here. The train climbs a heavy grade from the east fork of the Waite up to Smithville, which is on the divide between the east and west forks of the Waite. It is supposed that it was while coming slowly up this heavy grade the robber boarded the car and did his bloody work. The men were gently removed to the waiting room of the station and surgeons summoned. Weber regained consciousness long enough to describe the murder and robbery.

"While coming up Smithville grade," said Weber "as we were sitting in our chairs, the door of the baggage car opened, and a man stepped quickly and quietly in. He first knocked Davis down, with a club and then came at me. I raised my arm, but he hit me over the head and knocked me off my chair onto the floor. For Davis went to raise up on his elbow in a dazed way, and the man fired a bullet into his head, when Davis fell back with a groan, as I thought dead. The man then covered me with his revolver, and ordered me to get up and get the key out of Davis' pocket, unlock the safe, and hand him out the packages. All the while he kept swearing at me, and telling me to hurry up. I begged him not to shoot, but as he handed him the last package from the safe, he fired and I don't know anything more."

Weber has since relapsed into unconsciousness. It is thought that both men will die. A large amount of money was in the safe. It is, taking it all in all, the most daring robbery ever committed in Southern Indiana. Davis has been sent back to Louisville. There is no clue to the thief. Railroad and express company detectives have been summoned from Louisville, Chicago and Cincinnati to work up the case. Some railroads think he boarded the train at Louisville, and did the work on the Smithville grade, because it was easy there to jump off.

The greatest indignation exists here and at Smithville, and, in anticipation of the large rewards which will undoubtedly be offered the country is being secured by volunteers bands in search of the villain.

LATHE.—Weber is dead. The amount of booty stolen is \$15,000.

PANAMA'S PLIGHT.

Alsup Must Make an Unconditional Surrender at Once.

PANAMA, May 1.—Messrs. Correas and Clement, peace commissioners to Bismarck, are detained at Cali. The expedition of national troops which has arrived in Panama bay consists of 800 men, under Col. Montoya as civil, and Col. Reyes as military chief. The expedition has been sent to restore order in the state of Panama. It will then go on to the relief of Gen. Santo Domingo Villa at Cartagena. A note signed by Col. Montoya and Col. Reyes, the chiefs of the expedition, was sent to the dean of the consular corps, in which it was set forth that the object of the expedition was to maintain order and give guarantee for the safety of life and property and free transit on the isthmus.

At a meeting of the consuls with General Alsup, the latter said that while he did not entirely accept the titles conferred upon Col. Montoya and Col. Reyes he was willing to disband his forces, deliver up their arms and retire to private life upon certain conditions.

First—He would resign to any one who could constitutionally claim power.

Second—Pardon for political offenses a man, but prosecution and punishment of all offenders against the common law in Panama, Colon and elsewhere on the isthmus.

These briefly constitute the terms upon which Gen. Alsup desires to surrender. The commission have carried these terms to the national commander, who refuses to listen to any terms.

PARIS, May 1.—Eugene Fauché, the Turkish ambassador here stated to a central news representative when asked as to what he thought would be Turkey's attitude in the event of war between England and Russia, that it was his firm belief that his government would take sides with neither power. "It is vital," said he, "to Turkey's interests that she remain neutral throughout, and to carefully avoid any complications that may arise."

BOUND TO GET THEIR MONEY.

Armed Laborers Hold Two Men as Hostages to Insure Payment of Wages.

BALTIMORE, May 1.—For some time there has been trouble on the line of the extension of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad between this city and Philadelphia. Several contractors have swindled the operatives. There is dissatisfaction near Chase's station and a riot is imminent.

This results from a change of contractors and an effort to proceed with the work before the men who have already been at work are paid. The workers are held by 30 armed men, who declare they will kill the first man who goes to work. They are holding Col. Bradley, the superintendent, and a Mr. Millan as hostages until they are paid. The prisoners are surrounded by armed guards, who furnish them with all necessities. Unless the money is paid very soon serious trouble is apprehended.

John Childers, a farmer living near Point Pleasant, W. Va., and on route for home from Cincinnati, attempted in a temporary fit of insanity to kill the Ohio. He jumped from the steamer St. Lawrence, lying at Cincinnati about to sail.

Headquarters For Dry Goods.

We are pleased to announce that our Spring and Summer styles for 1885 are now open for the inspection of the public. Our new stock consists of a large and varied assortment of the NEWEST and BEST in Reasonable Goods, embracing all the latest Novelties in Foreign and Domestic.

DRESS GOODS!

We claim for our stock (fine at Excellence in Quality and Style, immense Variety and a range of prices which will be found EXTREMELY LOW. Our stock of LINEN is complete in every detail, from the cheapest Cotton to the finest Mill Hose, and at prices that defy competition. In

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

etc., we can not be equaled, and are confident we can save you five or ten cents on every yard you purchase of us. Another thing, do not fail to see our elegant display of UTAHIA NITS and LACE CURTAINS. Elegant styles! Very large stock! Our New Spring Goods are most desirable and our prices always right. Our WHITE GOODS and LACES are well worth coming to see.

D. HUNT & SON,

Second Street, - - - Maysville, Ky.

F. DIETRICH & SONS,

—Dealers in Home-made—

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

SPRING WAGONS, ETC.

Only carriage manufacturers in Maysville who sell only their own work, which is first-class in all particulars. Vehicles at LOWER PRICES than any other house in the State, when quality of work is considered.



All Work Warranted!

REPAIRING Promptly and Satisfactorily done. A large line of Carriages, Buggies, Barouches, etc., now on hand.

WE are practical Mechanics, and WILL SAVE YOU MONEY if you give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

68 and 70 East Second St.

F. DIETRICH & SONS,

—GO TO—

J. BALLENGER

—FOR—

FINE JEWELRY,

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

Bridal and Anniversary Gifts a specialty. A large stock to select from at all times. A trial is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

THE WORLD CHALLENGED!

To produce a line of Carriage and Buggy work superior to that now on exhibition at No. 16 Sutton street, Maysville, and the determination is to offer the entire elegant stock of

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES!

at prices that shall awaken a more lively interest in the carriage business than ever before attained. The above goods have been manufactured especially for this locality, from the best material that could be obtained, and by the first manufacturers of the kind.

MR. PORTER will be found, as usual, in the UNDEKATING DEPARTMENT.

ED. MYALL,

Successor to Myall & Riley.

Station Street, Maysville, Ky.

FRANK B. RANSON

—Has received the Spring Stock of—

LADIES' SHOES!

THE HANDSOMEST and CHEAPEST ever shown in Maysville.

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.'S

For Oats and Clover Seed, Potatoes and Cabbage. They have also just received a fresh supply of Mackerel, Maple Syrup and No. O. Molasses. No. 19 Market Street, Maysville, Ky.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

ICE CREAM a specialty. Fresh bread and cakes. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. 86 Second St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

F. L. TRAYNER,

—Manufacturer of—

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

All instruments warranted. Pianos tuned and repaired. Front street, Maysville, Ky.

W. W. McIlvian.

R. G. Humphreys.

McILVAIN & HUMPHREYS,

(Successors to MYALL & RILEY.)

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

—We are now receiving large invoices of—

PLANET, JR., TOBACCO CULTIVATORS,
BARBED WIRE, ETC.,
EVANS CORN PLANTERS and DRILLS.

MALTA DOUBLE SHOVEL FLOWS,
RANDALL BARROWS,
RIDING and WALKING CULTIVATORS,

We have a full stock of WAGONS and CARTS; in fact every kind of Implement needed on a farm. Second street, Maysville, Ky.

CYCLONE OF BARGAINS!

Five hundred Fine Corkscrew Suits in all Styles and Colors at \$16; worth \$26. Five hundred Fancy Plaid Suits at \$12; worth \$18. Six hundred Cassimere Suits, all styles, at \$10; worth \$20. My stock of Boys' and Children's Suits is complete in every department.

SOME CLOTHING FACTS:

The Brightest, the most Tasteful, the Prettiest Finished, the most carefully Low Priced—in a word, the most satisfactory and desirable Clothing for Men, Youths and Children to be found in the State, is sold at the Red Corner Clothing House.

LOUIS ZECH, Proprietor.

HERMANN LANGE,

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 6 Second Street, three doors below Market, Maysville, Ky.

M. DAVIS,

—THE OLD RELIABLE—

CLOTHIER!

Have just received an immense stock of CLOTHING, comprising Men's Youth's and Boys' goods; also GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and VALISES,

M. DAVIS,

WALL PAPER!

For Beautiful designs my stock of Wall Paper is complete. Also BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS, GOLD PENS, PICTURE FRAMES, etc. We will take pleasure in showing our stock to all. PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY in the same building.

J. T. KACKLEY,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

C. S. MINER & BRO.,

—ESTABLISHED 1832—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, Leather and Findings

SHOES, MAYSVILLE, KY.

CLEARANCE SALE FOR CASH!

As trustee for A. R. BURGESS, I offer the stock of Dry Goods contained in his store, No. 20 Sutton Street, at greatly reduced prices. Unimpaired shirts, best made, (former price \$1.00), 75 cents; best Laundry Shirts, (former price \$1.50), 85c; line of dress goods, per yard 50c; many choice Dress Fabrics at cost; Woolen Underwear and Blankets at cost. Great bargains in

Hosiery, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Ect.

Choice line of Cassimere at cost. All persons indebted to the said Burgess will be required to make prompt payment, as it will be my duty, as trustee, to wind up the business speedily. Am R. Burgess, as my agent, will make settlements and collections, and give receipts. JAMES SHACKLEFORD, Trustee.